The Holy Seed: OR, THE LIFE

Mr. THOMAS BEARD.

Wrote by Himfelf:

With some Account of his Death, September 15. 1710.

Soon after he had compleated the 17th Year of his Age.

WITH HIS

FUNERAL SERMON.

By Jos. PORTER.

With a Preface by the late Reverend Mr. Matth. Henry.

The THIRD EDITION, with Enlargements from his own Manuscrip.

LONDON: Printed for NATH. CLIPP, at the Bible and three Crowns near Mercer's Chappel in Cheapside, and D. Jackson, at the Bible and three Crowns in the Poultry. 1715.

WVSEVM BRITAN WCVM

TO

Mr. Richard Beard,

BROTHER

TO THE

DECEASED.

SIR,

Have at your Request,
ventur'd abroad into
he World, the Minutes
of your Dear Brother's
Life, left under his own
A 2 Hand,

The Dedication.

Hand, and his Funeral Sermon: Tho' I am sensible the whole Work is too plain for a Curious, and too serious for a Vain Age.

It is not indeed all; yet all I can well collect; it being wrote in Characters, and for his own private Use, with secret References.

rences.

I doubt not but it will be very grateful to you, tho' not in its Perfection:
And I am fure if it be as affecting to others, as to my felf, it can't fail of being confiderably useful.

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The Dedication.

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One thing I am willing to take this Opportunity to mind you of, That you are now the last Remain of a very Religious Race; on Father's fide and Mother's fide Religious; which 'tis easy to trace through many Generations. May you live to propagate serious Piety yet further, and may it descend to the utmost Date of the Family. For, 'twould be very unhappy, if that Family should ever run Dregs, which hath been such a Spring of pure and Chrystalline Streams.

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That

The Dedication.

That the Divine Providence may direct you, and the Grace of God fix you, in that Post in which you may best answer the Character of the Holy Seed, called forth, and now less alone to serve the Lord Jesus, is the sincere Wish of,

SIR,

Your most Affectionate

Servant,

Fos. Porter

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READER.

Being favour'd with the Perusal of these Papers in Manuscript, by means of my Acquaintance with that Family, of which this Pious Young Man was a promising Branch; I am willing to say with what Pleasure I read them, and to recommend them to those of the rising Generation among us, for whose real Service and Benefit they are design'd.

It was an observable Method. which both our Bleffed Lord, and his Apostles sometimes took; to Preach a Sermon first, and then work a Miracle, for the Confirmation of it: Or to work a Miracle first, and then preach a Sermon for the Improvement of it. Miracles are now ceas'd, but (bleffed be God) Preaching is not, nor the Power of the Spirit, Confirming the Word by Signs following of another Nature. You have here a very pathetical, serious Sermon; design'd to engage all young People, and particularly the Children of Godly Parents, to be betimes Religious: And you have here join'd with it, a bright and eminent example of early Piety, and that to a Miracle of Divine Grace, which the Sermon both gives the Improvement of, andreceives Confirmation from.

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How powerful the Influence of ad Examples is, to corrupt and lebauch, we fee daily: I am wiling to hope, that this, and other he like good Examples, may have a happy Influence upon some, by he Grace of God, to provoke them to a holy Emulation, and may serve both as the plainest Directions, and strongest Perswasives to all the Instances of serious Godliness; for it is not the Interest of any Party that this is intended to serve, but that of Pure Religion, only unmix'd and undefiled before God and the Father.

The Reflections which this Thinking, Praying Youth made upon his own Life, then, when he had but few Years to reflect upon; are here given you as they ought to be, in their own native Plainness and godly Simplicity; and tho' consider'd in themselves, there

may be thought nothing extraordi. nary in them, that they should de el serve to be publish'd; yet look's lu upon, as coming from one of Six w teen or Seventeen Years of Age, ethey are really uncommon, and up. on that Account one may hope, re will be the more taken Notice of by those of that Age: and to a good Christian, one truly pious Thought is worth ten fine Thoughts. And the Publishing of them may help to make some little Amends, for the mighty Loss we sustain'd by the Death of one, that was fo likely to have been serviceable to his Generation. Nay, they may serve for a Copy to the ripest and oldest Christians, and may shame many that have doubled and trebled his Years, and yet are not fo well acquainted as he was with their own Spirits. The Books which that Learned and Vertuous Emperour, Marcus Antoninus, wrote do laurdy concerning himfelf,

To the Reader.

de elf, and to himself are very vak's uable Peices of Antiquity. And
ix we shou'd all find our Hearts betge, er, if we did more frequently reire into them; and our Lives betbe, er, if we did more frequently reof sect upon them.

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Perhaps, if there were fuch a Collection of the most remarkable Instances of Devotion, in those that were about the Age of this young Man, both which have been publish'd, and which might be gaher'd up from credible Reports, as there is of those in the earlier Age, by Mr. White, in his Little Book for Little Children, and Mr. Janeway, in his Token for Children; it might be as useful in its Kind, as these have been to the Age for which they were calculated. St. John writes distinct- 1 John 21 y to Little Children, and to 12, 13. Young Men.

That

To the Reader.

That God by his Grace would make the next Generation, wifer and better than this, and qualify many to be a Seed to serve Christ, that from the Womb of the Morning he may have the Dew of their Youth, and the Church the blessed Fruits of that Dew, through a long Day, and that the First ripe Fruits which our Souls desire, may not be nipt, as here they were, in the Blossom, is the Desire and Prayer of.

A hearty Well-wisher to the Rising Generation,

CHESTER, March 1. 1710-11.

Matth. Henry.

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ACCOUNT

OF THE

Memorable Passages

OF MY

LIFE,

THOMAS BEARD.

Give thim thy Grace, Q God.

HILST I declare the Passages of my Life, O Holy, Eternal, Gracius God, may thy Grace attendne, that I may be affected, O! eeply affected, with my own ase: With thy Mercies, O Lord; and my Sins (Father) against Heale.

B. ven,

ven, and before thee. I humbly thank thee for all thy Mercies, and beg thy Pardon for all my Sins; for thy dear Son's fake, fend me thy Holy Spirit to work a thorough Work of Grace in me; and to affill me in this present great Work; that this Book, this Paper, this Leaf, may never come in as a Witness against me at the last. The Lord help me, that tho' my former Experiences have been of my Weakness, yea Sinfulness; yet those for the Time to come may be of my Growth in Grace, and in the Knowledge of my Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. And now, O God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Ghost; I freely give my Self, my Soul, my Body, my All, unto thee, and for ever resting upon thy Mercies in Jesus Christ, to whom, to thee, and the Holy Spirit of Grace, be Praise, everlasting Praise; for thine is the Kingdom, the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever, Amen, and Amen.

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CHAP I.

Of my Birth-Privileges.

HE first and earliest Reslections I can make, are upon he many and great Privileges of my Birth. I can trace the Footsteps of the Grace of God from the very Womb. O would to God I had a Tongue to speak forth his Praise: And a Heart suitably affested with that Love, that Happiness, that attended me from my very Birth. Attend O my Soul!

1. I was born in a professing, reform'd, religious Nation. What a Mercy! Had I been born a Turk, a Jew, a Papist, a Heathen, I might have liv'd and died fuch; but blessed be God, I was born in a Protestant Gospel-Land, under the Means of Grace.

2. I was not indeed born in a Noble Family. Had it been so, I might have devoted my self to the Pleasures and vain Fashions of the World, which I find my own In-B 2 clinations clinations lead me to; and thus aspiring after Greatness here, I might have complimented my Soul

into everlasting Misery.

The World is a bewitching Thing: It is hazardous moving in the highest Spheres. My Lot fell where I am less expos'd; and better secur'd. I was, I bless my God, born of Parents, who had an agreeable Competency of the good Things of this World, and knew how to dispose of them for the Noblest Purposes. A sanctified Sufficiency is good Provision, yea the best Portion.

3. Yea, that which is more valuable. I was born of reliatious Parents, truly religious: Thanks, O Thanks be to God. It is a greater Mercy to be born of good Parents than of Princes. I was not born of Erroneous Parents, who have Zeal without Knowledge, and the Shew of Religion, without the Power and Purity of it; who might have leaven'd my early Years with false Notions; and so have lead me out of the Way of God, into the Bypaths of Sin; for Errors in Judgment.

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nent naturally produce Errors n Practice, and seldom one Error oes alone; for its Name is Legion, ecause they are many. But I was born of Parents who were Orthodox and Sound in the Faith, who had a good Report of all Men, and of the Truth it self: Whose Joy it would have been, to have seen their Children walking in the Truth. O that I may be a Child of Light, and not of Darkness. was born of Parents eminent for Practical Godliness, holy, humble, bedient, attending constantly on all the Ordinances of God, conformable in their Lives to all his holy laws, who had all the Marks of grown Christians; in Life and in Death; who are now, I doubt not, oraising God in the eternal World, that I may be a faithful Follower of them, as they were of Christ: that I may with them for ever and ever adore that distinguishing Love, that saved them, and I hope will fave, me too. O Lord o let it be. I was born of Prayng Parents, eminent in their Duy; many a Petition did they put up to Heaven for me, and my poor Brother. How oft, how earnesly did they beg for Mercy for theirs, that they might meet them with Comfort in the Great Day of the Lord, when Theirs had faithfully served God, and Their Genera-

tion. " O Lord take down the Files, " view over their Prayers, and re-" member the Children of thy Ser-" vants now in Glory." The Prayers of Parents for their Children, are better than the Estates of Parents. May I never cross nor cancel one Petition. I was born of charitable Parents, of whose Charity both the Church and Strangers were Witnesses, who being dead, yet speak. They were free with their Money to supply the Necessities, and highly charitable with good Books to the Souls of Sinners, that they might encourage true Religion. A very confiderable Portion of every Year's Increase was fet apart for charitable Uses, and God was pleased to prosper them in all their wordly Concerns. Charity never goes unrewarded in this

ife. May I learn of them as a ear Child.

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I was born of most indulgent, ender, careful Parents, who not out of Custom, but sincerely and heartily gave me up with themelves to God, in Covenant, in heir private Devotion, and in the publick Ordinances: Both in Baplim, and frequently at the Table of the Lord. How can I go back? The Vows of God are upon me. I am thine, O Lord, by the most early Dedication, and thine may I be for ever and ever.

It pleas'd God to remove my dear Parents, when I was very oung, so that I never remember hem. I have only heard who they were, and how they liv'd: I wait o know more in the other World was about three Years old when my God took from me my dearest Parents, almost at the same time; to that I was Fatherless and Motherless in my very Infancy, but not Friendless; for my God took me up, as if he design'd to take the sole Care of me himself; and a very peculiar Regard he had to me.

"Lord fill up the Relations
"Death hath dissolv'd, be a Fa"ther to the Fatherless, and ten"der, with the Love of a Mother,
"the Motherless." A Heavenly
Father is the best Father, an everlasting Father. A precious Redeemer, is the best Relation. Lord
grant me my Desires, and sulfil thy
Promises to thy Servant, that is devoted to thee. Amen.

Sure, all Advantages consider'd, no one Individual in the World hath had greater and better Birth-Privileges than I: O that I may never profanely sell my Birth-Right, but answer it with the

highest Improvements.

My dear Parents took great Care for my holy Education, which the Lord prosper. At their Death, they committed me to the Care and Inspection of those, who they knew would not only be concern'd for the Welfare of my Body, but principally of my precious Soul. And thus in my Minority, was I left in kind and faithful Hands, and especially in the kindest Hands of my dearest Lord: O how ought I

to love and respect the Memory of my dear Parents: Holy Parents deerve the best Love, and Obedience whilst Living, and the most Hohourable Remembrance when dead. May I never do any thing unworhy of them. But most of all I owe my self to my dearest Redeemcr. O my Soul, these Bleffings Christ procur'd for me with his own Blood: Admire him and Love him, and do him all the Service: thou canst in the World. O Lord, grant I may meet my Holy Parents, and Gracious and Glorify'd Friends, with Comfort in the other World, at the great Day, when I believe I hall see them again. May I be heir Crown of Joy in that Day. Blessed Parents and Children, and Families, that meet together at last in Christ, and with Christ for ever.

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CHAP. II.

Of my Education.

THUS at the Desire of my now glorified Parents, and by the Providence of my Heavenly Father, my Lot was cast here at Aulcester in Warwickshire, where I am to praise God, in the midst of a

Thousand Enjoyments.

This is a Place most free from the common Temptations of the World. I have here no ill Company to infect me, no ill Examples to corrupt me, no Swearers, no Curfers, no Drunkards, no Sabbath-breakers, no prophane Scoffers; None but what Pray, and are obliged to keep constant to their private Duty as well as their publick Attendances. Here are indeed the common Vanities of Youth; but few, but who feem to favour the best things; and none of my Associates, but who I hope are truly ferious. The Frowardness of some, is for my Tryal and Exercise: and the Seriousness of others, for my Encouragement.

ragement. O Blessed be God, that my Lot should be cast here. A good Family is a good City of Resuge.

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I fell into the Hands of a most tender, loving, skilful, compassionate Master; a Father rather than a Master, whose Endeavour hath been to train me up in Learning, and in the Fear of the Lord together. One that knew patiently to bear with my puerile Infirmities: But yet faithfully corrected me for greater Miscarriages: But never in a Passion, always with Meekness and Tenderness: With Love convincing me of my Error, and affecting me with a Sense of my Fault. Gentle Rebukes are fovereign Medicines, and kind Correctors choice Friends. We all not only fear, but love our Master. Meer Fear is flavish, but Love and Fear are truly Generous. Good Masters are publick Blessings. Here I have fat under the powerful Difpensations of all the Ordinances of God, for above fourteen Years together, I have heard the joyful Sound; I have heard such Sermons, and such Subjects, that have been enough enough to awaken the most slupid, and affect the most dull; which I am sure have had many Seals. How sweet hath the Word been to my Taste, I earnestly remember it still. May I prove one of the Seals of this Ministry. Good Ministers are some of the greatest Mercies to the World. O my Soul, bless God for such Soul Friends.

Here I have had the Privilege of Family-Worship: Thrice a Day have I heard the Word read; and Prayers offer'd. Once a Week have I heard one or other Question in Religion examin'd and stated. Once a Week have I been catechifed and inffructed. Once a Week have I had an Opportunity of more publick Prayer. Twice a Week, fince I have had any Capacity, I and my Companions have privately engag'd in Prayer together, and here I have met with God. Twice every Sabbath have I heard Practick Preaching, and in the Evening Repetition. These, unless any thing extraordinary hath interrupted, have been my constant Privileges for many Years. What an Account have I

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to give, O my Soul! How shall I answer it to God, Lord help me, that my Improvements may be according to my Enjoyments. Here, O my Soul, stand and admire at the Love of God in Christ, and his Free Grace to me; that whilst Thousands perish for want of Knowledge, I should be train'd up in the School of Christ. Few in the World have had half my Privileges. Should I perish under such Enjoyments, how low should I sink in Misery. God forbid.

I came here very Young, and fo had good Principles instill'd into me, before the Vanities of the World had infinuated themselves. I had a Closet to retire into, for private Devotion, and Heart Examination; I have had some of the choicest Books to Read, almost on every Subject. I have had time enough allow'd me for Soul-concerns; O that I had improv'd it as I ought. I have not wanted Encouragement, Counsels, Exhortations to what is Good, nor Restraints from what is Evil. Yea, here I have had the gracious Assistances

of the Spirit of God. These and a Thousand more have been my choice Privileges. Had I improved them as I ought, I might have been one of the first, one of the most eminent of Christians of my Age and Standing. Lord! How shall I answer it? Good Education is like a good Foundation for the best Superstructure. Millions have been ruined by bad Education. How mercifully hath the Grace of God consulted my Happiness. Happy indeed, if those of us, that have been educated together, answer our Education: O that there may not be a prophane Esau among all the Flock.

But this is not all the Happiness I have met with here. The Providence of God plac'd me in the Arms and Bosom of a tender Mistress, who took as much Care of me, as mine own Mother would have done. Thus when one Mother was dead, God provided me another, that I was but a little while Motherless. Had my own Parents liv'd, perhaps I had never been planted in this Family, my own

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own good Mother, as I have heard, being exceedingly indulgent, which I might foolishly have abused to my own Prejudice. O the Mysteries of Divine Goodness, even in the darkest Providences. God speaketh out of the Clouds; his very Frowns oft prove great Blefings. And because my Mistress excessively indulged me, my God foreseeing I might have misimprov'd such Kindness, was pleas'd o remove her too. Thus I lost wo Mothers, but my God still cared for me. May I meet them both at last at the Right Hand of Christ. Excessive Indulgence oft proves prejudicial to poor Minors. Fond Friends are not always the best Friends: But I was not left Friendless. What turns did the Wheels of Providence take for my Advantage, I can't but admire, and fay, O Wheel! O Blessed be God for his correcting Mercies. Lord help me seriously to consider the Privileges that I have had: Affift me, O my God. Amen.

CHAP.

CHAP. III.

Of the Vanity of my Youth.

WHO in the World hath more to answer for than I? but what Account shall I give? I have reason to lament, and say, Childhood and Youth are Vanity. The Lord forgive me. From the Age of Three, to Twelve Years old, there was little or nothing but Vanity. I was pleas'd with every puerile Impertinence and Trifle: But Religious Exercises were without Gust and Savour. I was devoted to my Sports and Pastimes, extravagantly fond of Gaming: This was my very Element I moved in, whilft the precious Soul was shamefully neglected, and exposed. Thus I ventur'd the Loss of all, to gratify my own Humours and fleshly Inclinations. Flesh Pleasers are bold Adventures. How much precious Time did I waste in these filly Frolicks. I was a true Drudge to fenfual hal Pleasures. Night and Day conriving, forecasting, slaving at them.

Was Time no more precious? Had I taken that Pains in ferving my God, as in ferving the Flesh, what Joy and Comfort might I have now had! But O how afflictive are the Thoughts of these things? Sin and Satan are ill Masters. I was foon tired with that which is Good, but unwearied at my Sports. I thought I might have been excused, because Young, but Conscience will not excuse. O that the God of Conscience would forgive me.

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The blackest Crime I have to charge my felf with, is the horid Sin of Lying. Which tho' but rarely committed, and to exuse my self too; yet how do the thoughts of it sting me! What a vile Wretch was I? What a young Sinner? Lies do not extenuate,

but double the Fault.

I was often admonished, and seriously called upon; but I was deaf to Counsel: And tho' I sometimes smarted for it, yet my Inclinations were so strong, and violent, that I

pusht

pusht on in gratifying the Flesh. What a sinful Nature have I? How is Folly bound up in my Heart? The more Warnings, the greater the Sin.

I did not indeed live without Duty. I was not suffered, or else my own corrupt Nature would gladly have dispens'd with it. I had Books more for a Shew, than Service; I was covetous of Books, but seldom read in them. Books without Grace to use them, are a poor Library. I sometimes retired into my Closet; but what did I there? Little better I fear than waste part of my Time in Vanity. The most I can say is, I was there; O that I could say, I had been with God there.

Indeed whilft I was thus busie at Vanity, and drudging for Trifles, my Conscience often, or always checkt me, I was assamed of my self. Sin always carries Guilt and Shame with it, whilst Duty affordeth true Peace and Satisfaction. I had often too, some gracious Motions, and Divine Influences; but the childish Humour, and brutish Flesh

lesh bore all down. I opposed to conscience, I quenched the Spirit, I slighted Admonitions, to sulter the Desires of the Flesh, which ow costs me dear. Alas! alas! out Twelve Years of my short Life the been wasted and lost. The und Lord forgive me.

CHAP. IV.

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Of my first Acquaintance with God.

D UT God was more merciful to me, than I was to my felf. was Vain and Sinful, and destroyng my self; but God's Grace apear'd to me. God's Grace is a better Preserver than our own Refolutions. 'Tis fomewhat to be born within the Virge of the Covenant. When I was between Twelve and Thirteen Years old, the Grace of God laid hold on me: It found me rifling, but it quickly made me feious: It found me Worldly, but t quickly made me Heavenly; I remember the time. I shall never forget

forget the Day. The Day of our Conversion ought never to be forgot. It was on a Saturday, I think,
An. Dom. 1704. The Day of my
Espousals, and of the Gladness of

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my Heart.

By the Direction of my dear Master, some of greater Maturity than I retired to pray together, to help forwards one anothers Salvation; Poor I happily was in their way, but busy at my Sports. One to of them, my dear Friend, the hap- in py Instrument, asked me to go with wa them: And I being proud of Esteem, me was ambitious to affociate with fer them, not knowing as far as I can an recollect, what their Defign was the Had I known it had been for Pray- pr er, I fear I should have chose my Diversions. But God had a great W Work to do in me, and for me: So how free, how rich, how wonderful is the Grace of God! Whilst da they were engaged in Duty, I did little else but laugh behind the Curtain. Thus I came away, not the better, but the worse, had not the Grace of God over-ruled (O my Soul behold and admire the good

ood Hand of my God upon me.) or Soon after, I overheard two or r- hree censuring me, for my indek, ent Atheistick Carriage, and my
ly Heart instantly smote me. O see
of ow the Stratagems of Satan somemes through Grace become the ar Means of Salvation! He designed ty for Evil; but the Grace of God to over-ruled it to my everlasting Wela- The: Thus the good Work began, ir and my Repentings were kindled ne rogether. My Heart burned withp-in me. One of my Companions th was so faithful to me, as to reprove m, me seriously, and speak to me as-th fectionately about another World; an and the Spirit of God set in with as. the kind Admonitions: Every Exy- pression came with Power, forthny with I resolved to set on the great eat Work of Salvation. O fee, my e: Soul, what God can do? Out of the er- Wouth of Babes and Sucklings be or-1st deineth Strength, to still the Enemy, id and the Avenger.

ork, was the good Company I of d. It pleased God at this very one to work upon the Conscien-

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ces of almost all our Class: Wh had all a very great Concern upo us, for our own, and one another Souls, our precious and immorta Souls. We had each others Exam ples and Prayers to help on one a nother to Heaven and Glory: (how sweet was it to talk with m Companions of an everlastin State! How much was I affecte with their Discourses. Thus w walked together as Brethren, ed fying one another, and drawin a God in a Way of Duty. God Examples are good Guides Heaven.

What further advanc'd the god Work, was a happy Dream I had one Night as I lay on my Bed. dreamt that I faw the Tribunal God erected, and all brought to Bar; and all my Companions a cepted, and blessed, and carried up to the Enjoyment of God Heaven: But I, poor miseral Wretch, was lest behind. The dreadful Thought struck me will the Terror and Horror: It was as Hell begun. I soon awoke, but the work of the segun. I soon awoke, but the segun. I soon awoke, but the segun was a segundary to the god work of the segun. I soon awoke, but the segun was a segundary to the segun and the segun awoke, but the segun was a segundary to the segun and the segun awoke, but the segun are segundary to the segun awoke, but the segun are segundary to the segun are segundary to the segun awoke, but the segun are segundary to the segun awoke, but the segundary the s

Wheny Dread hung upon me; I conpo inued amazed, yet bleffing God I her was out of Hell, resolving, with orta creat Diligence, to fet upon the am Work of my eternal Salvation. O the Love of God, in guiding my Thoughts in the Night Season! m Dreams themselves, thro' the Grace tin of God, may be Helps to Heaven. & When the Morning came, I arose, w trangely furpriz'd with my present ed State; I quickly fell to my Prayers, win and pour'd out my Soul to God, the r Lord hear every Petition. Amen. My Affection and Zeal for Remy dearest Master, who took ocgot cession to talk sweetly and heavenly he me, and to encourage me to go d. on with such Expressions as these:

al What, my dear Child, dost in good o Ernest begin to look after God? s a rejoice in thee, and over thee: rri What! Looking Heaven-wards. O od go on, let nothing discourage, nor eral under thee: This, this is the way The thy glorified Parents. What will I be so happy as to present thee as at last to them, my Joy, and their boy; my Crown, and their Crown;

and the Joy of God, and Christ so ever. Such Expressions soon melted down my Heart, drew Tear from me. I thank'd him, and ask'd him for some good suitable Book he soon directed me, and supplied me, and with many Encourage ments and Assurances of Acceptance with God, press'd me to go on. I remember it still. O what Blessings are good Advisers, and tender Consciences.

I now began, with great Seri ousness, to think of the best Thing The Spirit of God graciously gui ded my Thoughts. It came pow erfully into my Mind, what Wonder of Mercy I was: Tha whilst thousands perish'd in their Sins, the free Grace of God should lay hold on me: That I should be spar'd, and they cut down, the and had not sinned against such Light fuch Mercies, and Privileges, and Warnings, as I O what a Mer cy, that such a Wretch as I should be owned, who had so shamefull flighted the Grace of God! what a Mercy, that as I added one Slight to another, God did no add

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for dd one Judgment to another! That my Dream did not prove ar Reality; that I should be on this ide Misery, who might have been condemned for ever. Still I am pared. Lord help me, that I hay improve the Day of thy Paience.

I foon observ'd the malicious Detha signs of Satan against me. He hath peculiar Spite against the Children of good Parents, and of pious eri Education. If such a one as I peng fish, it will be with a Witness: My gui Fall will be greater than that of ow most in the World, as my Privileat es have been greater. The Fall That of the Posterity of the Righteons hei is most scandalous and pernicious oul or themselves and others. I have the more need to watch, and pray, the and fight valiantly the Lord's Batght tes, O help me. Amen.

and This brought it warm on my Mer Thoughts, that the Providence of oul God had plac'd me under happy full circumstances, and at the very Gates of Salvation, descending Ide om gracious Parents. The God no f my dear Parents is willing to be

my

my God: He that was merciful to them, will be merciful to me, being one with them. I am one that hath the fairest Opportunity son Heaven, I bless God, my Fathers God. O forsake not the Son of the Handmaid. God hath blessed me for their sakes, even to Admiration

The Defigns of the Grace of God, must be my eternal Welfare for he delighteth not in the Death of Sinner, much less in the Death of on that is a Branch of a Religious Fa mily. The present Bleffings too h bestows upon Me, are great Assu rances of eternal Bleffings. H that is so kind now, will be eter nally kind, if I am not wanting to my own Soul. If ever I perifi my Damnation will lie at my ow Door. There is Hope for me, and the best Encouragements. O that I may never rest in the Creature but rest upon the Creator.

I have indeed been a very provoking Wretch; there is no room for delay; 'tis high time for me to reform, and fet upon the great Work, who have loitered and find ned away so many Years. The Spirit

te Spirit will not always strive with be me. O now my Soul set in with hat its Motions: God will not always for bear with me, now then is the Time er's to engage in the Service of my God. O now let me begin, and close in with God, and accept him for my God. Amen.

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Should I stifle all these Motions, what would be the Issue? Whom Mercies win not, Judgments soon overtake. Judgments hang over Fa their Heads, who despise the Grace oh of God. And it may be, those flu udgments may not fo much as H larm me, if I now harden my ter own Heart, but only ferve to hargt den me for eternal Judgments.

Wherefore I resolve instantly to begin, whilst it pleaseth God to and deal with my Conscience. Blef-Led be the Lord, that hath met with me in the Beginning of my Days, whilst others are justly left to sin pro on to Old Age, how free is the

on Grace of God? Even so Father, o it seemeth good in thy sight.

Thus I set seriously to the main Work; three times every Day I re-The ired for private Devotion, and four

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times

times every Lord's Day: When I poured out my Soul to God in Prayer, besides Family and publick Attendances. When Holiness is real, it will shew it self in good Works.

And whilst I thus walk'd with God, I had not the least Sickness: I felt not the least Pain: I met not with the least Trouble, as I know of, though in a troublesome World, unless this that I was a Sinner

The Lord pardon me.

And O what fweet Communion had I with God? What Delight in Ordinances? How sweet to think of another World, and of the Love of Christ to my Soul? How pleasant to talk of Everlasting Happiness? I had a Heaven upon Earth, and thus it continued for long time. And tho' the Festival come on, when our common Busness was dismist; and I was called abroad to visit my Friends, my Heart in every Place was taken up about another World: No Diver fions justed out Duty; I sought for Retirements for Prayer, and Communion with God, and God hear me. I returned to my old Poll with

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with the same Zeal and Life; and my growth in Knowledge, and in the Grace of God, was very visible. Thus all things went well with me, whilst I kept close to God and Duty.

CHAP. V.

Of my Decays and Apostacy.

Privileges, Enjoyments, Hopes, Promises, Attendances, Experiences, Encouragements, notwithstanding all these I sell: I sell foully and shamefully. Oh I sell from God and my Duty. Oh persidious, vile, sinful Wretch! I sell from that God, from whom I had received innumerable Favours, and Mercies. Oh the Deceitfulness of Sin! The Cunning of the Enemy! The Corruption of my own Heart.

I durst not omit Duty, but I fell under a wretched Indifferency: I more rarely attended upon it, I C 3 quickly quickly became dull and stupid: Religious Exercises lost their Sweetness: The Word of the Lord became the Burden of the Lord. The Spirit with-held its Influences, my God withdrew from me. I was as one deserted. I went backward

many degrees.

And thus the Enemy deceiv'd me, and prevail'd against me, and drew me into many Snares and Sins. I return'd to my old Vanities, and wasted many precious Hours in unbecoming Diversions, which I thought harmless, but the Reflections prove bitter. O how much Time did they devour, and fomewhat of Treasure too, which might have been better imploy'd. This lead me into one more groß Mistake, to the wounding of my Conscience, which I cannot but continually lament. My Mind was strangely set upon my Pleafures, which I attended more constantly than my Duty. These stole away my Affections from my God, and my Duty: O Lord forgive me. Amen.

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e l, The Causes of my Apostacy, so far as I can recollect, were these two. It is good to search into the grounds of Apostacy, that we may for the suture avoid the Occasions of Sin, and no more fall from God.

The first Stumbling-block was, the ill Example of some of my dear Companions, who tho' hopeful and ferious whilst here, soon declin'd when abroad in the World. Which cast a Damp, not only upon my Spirits, but upon theirs who were left behind: Those that encouraged me to Seriousness, were the first that discourag'd me. It is one thing to be under the Influence of Religious Government, and another thing to be left to the wide World. Ill Examples, even at a distance, are vastly prejudicial. The Defection of hopeful Beginners is of the worst consequence to the Souls of others.

Many hopeful Buds have been nipt. Thus we who were Fellow-helpers of one another's Faith, became Destroyers of the same. May I ever take care of ill Company.

C 4 How

How easily did they prevail against me, who by the Cunning of Satan

fell away by degrees?
Another Occasion of my Fall was, the Omission of one known Duty; that I wilfully absented from, and God justly withdrew. I see if I give way to one Sin, Satan will quickly draw me to another: And thus the whole Link may run on, even to my eternal Condemnation, without the preventing Grace of God. "O Lord, O Merciful " God, pardon and forgive, for e-" ever and ever. Amen.

My Soul, take care, and attend upon all the Ordinances of God, least one Omission should run on to thy Eternal Damnation.

CHAP VI.

Of my Recovery.

B w God who chose me from my Mother's Womb, had Mercy upon me; and why on me, when others of my Companions

are hardened? Happy if this Relation prove to their Conviction.

" O Lord, let not Convictions die.

" O God, my God, let not Convi-

" ctions die. Amen.

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ns re Praises to Restraining Grace.

What shall I now do, that I may no more prevaricate and turn afide? I will charge my Soul most earnestly, and bind my felf for ever to the Lord, in a most solemn Covenant, and cast my self upon the Grace of God in Christ for ever.

And now my Sout, that God's frequent Calls, and my Refusals and Apostacies, may not provoke the Spirit to withdraw, and leave me to the Commissions of my old Sins; and thus I become a greater Sinner, and hardned for ever, and be at last condemned at God's Bar. O my Soul, I charge thee to confider.

How shall I be ever able in an unconverted Estate, to meet my glorified Father and Mother, with any Comfort in the Great Day of the Lord? And can I be content to be eternally parted from them? God forbid.

How

How can I bear the Wrath of God for ever?

What for ever be excluded Heaven and Happiness, and be shut up in the Flames of Hell to all Eterni-

ty! God forbid.

All my Acquaintance, and Religious Companions, will come in as Witnesses against me, if I prove unsincere. Oh dreadful! Oh dreadful! And my Master, and my God too, will implead me, before all the World. And how shall I answer their Charges? I shall have all the Sorrows in the World upon me.

But if I faithfully serve my God, my Parents, my Master, my Companions, and all will witness for me: My Conscience, my God will be for me. All will help me, if I am faithful; and all will be a-

gainst me, if I am otherwise.

God hath promised that he will own me, if I return to him. "O" my God, turn me. Now, O Lord, "I come; accept me, O Lord Jesus."

Then shall I taste of the Sweetness of Religion. I shall have Peace of Conscience, Joy in the Holy

Ghost,

Ghost, Increase of Grace, and Perseverance therein unto the end. I shall be blessed in all my Studies and Labours, and in all I have. God will hear my Petitions at all times.

I shall be fat and flourishing in the House of my God.

I shall be prosperous in all I have,

in all I do.

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I shall have no Troubles to afflict me, but what will turn to my Advantage. I shall be deliver'd from an uncomfortable Death here, and a miserable Death for ever. Lord, help, let these things invite and draw me to thy self. Amen.

I am thine, Lord, I am thine.

In the Presence of the Great God, I declare this Day,

That Four times every Day, I will make my Application to him for all Things.

That whenever I am tempted, I

will run to him for Succour.

That I will not suffer my self to be enthralled by any Lusts in the Service of the Devil.

That all I do shall be referr'd to the Glory of God.

That

IN LIFE OF

That I will never profane his

Holy Sabbaths.

That I will be ferious in Reading, in Praying, in Hearing, in every Duty.

I will never dare to tell a wilful

Lye, Oc.

O Great God, enable me by thy Grace to observe all these Things. Be pleased to pardon all my Sins, and help me by thy Grace, who am resolved to endeavour to perform all that thou enjoinest me to do. To which I put my Hand and Seal this Day.

T. B.

My Beloved is mine, and I am his. Let this be the Motto.

And the better to confirm my Soul, I will subscribe Mr. Allen's Covenant, and that Covenant of Grace and Life, which my dear Master hath pen'd down for us, which is as followeth.

The Gospel Covenant.

I call Heaven and Earth to wit-

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That I renounce with Abhorrence all Idol-lovers whatfoever, and avouch the Great God of Heaven and Earth to be my Sovereign Lord and Happiness: To whom, and to whose Service, I devote my self for ever. For Sanctification, for Justification, for Consolation, for Preservation, and for Salvation.

First, I take God the Father to be my Sovereign Lord and Father, whose Interest I will espouse as mine own, and whose Will I will carefully attend, casting my self upon his rich Grace alone, through

Jesus Christ my Lord.

2. I take God the Son to be my Saviour, Lord, and Mediator, my Prophet, Priest and King; to whose Government I entirely yield my self, building all my Hopes of Happiness upon his meritorious Obedience, through the saving Operations of the blessed Spirit.

3. I take God the Holy Ghost to be my Sanctisser, Guide and Comforter: To whose Conduct I submit my self, depending upon his facred Influences, according to the Word of God.

4. I take the Word of God to be the Rule of my Faith, both of my Doctrines and Practice. I believe it to be a perfect Rule; and refolve to conform my felf to it as it is received in the Church of God.

5. I take the Church of God to be my Habitation, refolving to affociate with God's faithful Servants, in all the Institutions of his Grace, and to advance all I can the true Evangelical Protestant Religion in my Place and Generation.

6. I give my felf to God the Father, Son and Spirit. My Soul and Body, my Name and Estate, and all that is mine, to be at his Disposal and Service: Whose I am, and whose I desire all that is mine

should be.

Thus I take the Great God to be my God, my Covenant-God, and the God of mine, in Covenant for evermore, according to the Riches of his Grace in Jesus Christ.

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And all this I do, as in the Prefence of God, Angels, and Men, without Force, or Fraud, Reserve, or Revocation.

Amen and Amen. So help me, O my God.

To which, by thy Grace, I put my Hand and Seal.

T. B. •

My Beloved is mine, and I am his.

Lord God help me in renewing this Covenant; put my Heart into a Covenant Frame; that I may stand to it as long as I live. Amen and Amen.

T. B. •

November 29. 1708. Before Men and Angels, I protest to abide by what I have here wrote. Lord help me, that I may not go back, but seriously answer my Engagements. I take thee again to be my God.

T.B.

Lord

Lord enable me to keep my Covenant with all my Heart, all the Days of my Life, that I may never turn aside to serve the Enemy more, which I resolve thro' Grace.

T.B.

Lord help me by thy Spirit to perform what thou requirest, and I have again and again covenanted

to do, Amen.

There's need of renewing our Covenants, if we will abide with God. But renewed Bonds without Grace will never hold the deceitful Heart. This, therefore being the Seventeenth Year of my Age, August 20. 1709. and the Turning Day of my Life, I desire solemnly to renew my Covenant. The Lord keep me, O keep me close to thy self. Amen.

T. B. 0

Seal, O sweet Jesus, Seal all to my Soul, with the Blood of the everlasting Covenant, that I may be thine, and for ever thine. Thine I am, O Lord; help, O Good God: Co-

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eay ne od God: Help, O my Redeemer: Help O my God: Help, O Jesus: Help, O blessed Spirit. Help, O God the Father, Son and Holy Ghost. Seal, O God: Seal, O Lord Jesus: Seal, O blessed Spirit. O God the Father, Son and Holy Ghost, accept me, I beseech thee, my Father, my Saviour, my Sanctisser; for thy Name's sake, for Jesus's sake, for the Love of the Spirit. Amen. Amen, Amen.

And because 'tis now sit I should choose some Course of Life, in which I may serve my God, and his Church, and my Generation, upon mature Deliberation and Thought, with the Counsel of my dearest Friends, and agreeable, as I am told, to the Designs of my now gloristed Parents; I solemnly make Choice of the Work of the Ministry, to be the Work of my Life, believing I have a Call from God. And accordingly this Day engage my self to God, in his peculiar Service.

The Ministerial Covenant.

I do now in the Presence of the Great God, Angels and Men, devote my felf, thro' the Affistance of his Grace, to the Service of the Great God, resolving to renounce the World, the Flesh, and the Devil; and to love, honour and obey, to submit to, and trust in my God for ever, The Father, Son, and Holy Ghost. And that I may in the closest and more particular Manner be separated from the World, and be ferviceable to my God, and to my own and other's Souls: I am ambitious of his Grace, thro' which I may choose the great Work of the Ministry, to be the stated Business of my Life: And resolve by his Grace, to be diligent and faithful in his Work, to labour Day and Night in it, that I may be the happy Instrument of convincing Sinners, and edifying Saints, and faving Souls, and advancing the Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ. And this I do in this turning time of

of my Life; befeeching God that I may be found faithful, to his Glory, and to the eternal Advantage of my own poor Soul, and the Souls of many others. Help O my God, that I may abide herein to my Lives end. And when Time shall be no more, let me enjoy thee for ever.

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To all which I put my Hand and Seal, in the Presence of the Great God, Angels and Men.

T. B. •

CHAP. VII.

Of my Temptations.

B U T altho' the Grace of God hath thus happily dispos'd and determin'd my Thoughts and Heart for himself and Service; yet I find the Busy Enemy still pursuing me, trying to unhinge and unsettle me. "Lord, come in to my Assimilation of the Suggestions of the evil one. Lord

Lord help me, let not the Enemy prevail. I know it is most unreasonable to yield, but I cannot but fear, because I find my own corrupt Nature too apt to comply with the Tempter; without the special Help of the good Spirit of God, I may be yet overcome. God forbid. "For the Lord Jegus Christ his Sake, help me, O my God.

The Enemy would perswade me to desist from Duty and Religion, and to take my carnal Liberty.

But shall I apostatize from so good a God, to serve such a Slave! Answer, O my Soul; Which is best to serve, the God of Heaven, or the God of this World? Who will reward me best? If I serve my God, I shall have Peace of Conscience, the Bleffings of Providence, the Guidance and Comforts of the Spirit, the Enjoyment of my God, and all the Happiness that is above, for ever and ever: But if I serve the Enemy, he hath nothing to give me; he promiseth me great things, but there's nothing with him but Torments, everlafting

ing Torments; this is all the Reward he gives his Servants. A bad Paymaster indeed! Surely it is better being everlastingly happy than miserable. Get thee behind me Satan. O Lord my God, teach me, help me, that I may sly from him; that he may never be able to keep me from the Enjoyment of my Heavenly Father, and my dear Lord Jesus Christ for ever. Amen.

He suggests to me, That it is Temp. 1.
Time enough; you are young, and have
many Years before you: What need you

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O cunning Enemy! Dost thou Answ. thus tempt me? Am I not the Son of good Parents? Was I not early devoted to the Service of the Great God? Do not I owe my first Fruits to my Maker? Is not my Childhood and Youth the Lord's? By the Help of the good Spirit of God, without whom I can do nothing, I am resolv'd to serve my God, in the Prime of my Days. Can I think he will take up with the Refuse of my Life; when I have serv'd the World, the Flesh and the Devil, with my Prime? Can

Can I think he will accept of the Blind and the Lame, when I have a Lamb in the Flock? No. no: He hath said, Remember thy Creator in the Days of thy Youth; and why should I defer longer? I find but one Instance of late Repentance, and why should I presume? This I am sure of, if I serve my God in the Prime of my Days, I shall find Mercy; but if I defer longer, I am altogether uncertain what may be the Issue. It is best being at Certainties, in the great Concerns of ones Soul and Eternity. Shall I talk or think of deferring, when I know not how foon Death may be commission'd by the great God to fetch me out of this World, and bring me before his great and awful Bar? And if it should be before I am prepar'd to meet him, how dreadful will my Case be, and that for ever? Be gone, thou Enemy of my Soul the Morning of my Age is the fittest time to begin the great Work; and it may be the only Time I may have; I will not, I am resolv'd, I will not, thro' Grace, defer one Moment.

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But still I find the Enemy affault-Temp. 2 ing me. What then will you debar your self of the Comforts and Pleasures of this Life; and expose your self to all manner of Troubles and Reproaches and Sufferings, which your Religion is like to cost you? If common Diversions feem too mean, there are more noble and intellectual Delights; solace your self with the Wit of the Age; let Plays and Romances be your pleasing Study.

Oh what a Deceiver is my Ene- Answ. my! What are all the Pleasures of the World but poor and perishing? What are these to a rational Soul? How unfuitable and unmanly? Shall I thus waste my Time, spend my Estate, offend my good Friends, provoke my God, and neglect my Soul, and all to please the Flesh? I will never do it. It is only some Shew of Pleasure, I have found it real Bitterness. My Pleasures have cost me dear; for these I have omitted Duty, adventur'd upon Sin; k; I have indeed pleased the Flesh and Satan, but have displeased God and , I Conscience. O! I would do so no more. What Pleasure can I have in those things, whereof I am

now

now ashamed. Sensual Pleasures I find a Sting to my Conscience, a Thorn in the Fiesh; Torments rather than Pleasures. I have with true and folid Comfort, and Soul-satisfying Joy in the Way of Duty and Religion; which outweigh far all its Troubles and Difficulties. There is nothing of Delight in the World comparable to what I have found in the Enjoyment of God. One Hour's, yea one Moment's Communion with God, is far beyond the sensual Delights of a whole Life. Shall I then leave the Sweets and the Joys of the Holy Ghost for the bitter Sweets of Sin, which are but for a Moment, and issue in everlasting Torments! Shall I lose the Love of Jesus, miss of Peace of Conscience, rob my felf of the Comforts of Life and Death, and Eternity, which are the Attendants of Religion; and all for brutal Delights, that may make a Beast as happy as a Man! Far be it from me. " O dear " Lord Jesus keep me, and keep up " in me a Sense of thy Love, and " lively Affections, and Longings cc after

" after thy felf; and let me never be a " captivated by the poor and beg-" garly Pleasures of this Life. Amen net " and Amen. As for the Wit of the nd World, I must confess it is very pleaof fing and charming; but I find the ut- Wisdom which is from above, is far if exceeding. It is poor Satisfaction De-that Plays and Romances afford me; they are delightful whilst I read them, but they afford me no soone lid Comfort in the Review. Lord, hou knowest how uneasy and tornenting it hath been to my Conthe cience; I find they dreadfully
oly harden my Heart, and unsit me
or the Service of the great God, and and provoke the Spirit to withits? draw. The Reading of one hath niss oft me a thousand Sighs and my Groans, and shall I venture furand her? No, no; I have better Books are to read; there is the hoty Word of and God, the bleffed and everlasting may Gospel; a Book made in Heaven, a an! Book of my dear Redeemer's meens; lear Book composed by the blessed Spirit; up we Book of Books; whilst I read this, meet with folid Joy and Comfort. O Lord, let this be my Study, " my

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ings fter

"My Delight, my Meditation "Day and Night. Shall the Composures of profane Wits be prefer'd before the Book of God? Satan, should I delight more in thy Books than in my Lord's? Horrid bewitchery! Get thee behind me, Satan.

Temp. 3. But he doth not yet depart; he tells me, Religion is not the Way to Preferment; be wife and confider think own Interest.

Answ.

I know it, I know it: But it is the Way to everlasting Preferment Godliness is great Gain, the greatest Gain, if the Love of God, if an Interest in Jesus, if Heaven, be so What Profit is it to gain a whole World, and expose my Soul for ever? If I have God for my God and Christ for my Saviour, and the Spirit for my Guide, and Heaver for my End, I am sure I shall not want by the Way. I have enough and enough for ever and ever. Satan, say no more. I am above the Temptation.

Temp. 4. But he will not let me alone he tells me, You need not be so strict you may adventure sometimes upon small Sins: What is a little Lye, or such

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Small Matter, when it is for your Interest too?

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Shall I call any Sin small, that Answ. is an Offence to my good God and dear Redeemer? Shall I adventure upon that which hath cost me so dear already? One Sin once ruin'd Mankind, and what may seem a little one too. One Stab may destroy my Life, and one Sin my Soul. One Sin may make Way for more, especially if presumptuously committed, and provoke the Grace of God to withdraw, and then where am I? Sins of Infirmity are like to be too numerous, and shall I adventure upon wilful Commissions. The least Sin deserves eternal Torments, and shall I to gratify the wicked One run such Hazard? Is a Lie nothing? I'm fure it has cost me Anguish enough. O my Soul, look back, recollect that Torment of Conscience, those Fears and Dangers, that little Sins, even a Lie have expos'd me to. How shall I answer for these at the Bar. of a just God? Shall I thus drudge and flave my felf to the Enemy? O horrid! I have had enough, I

D 2

have

have had too much of Sin. "The "Lord give me Grace that I may "not touch the accursed Thing. Satan, be gone.

emp. 5.

But he hath other Devices. He dissipates me from a constant Attendance upon Duty. What need you be so strict? What need you pray so oft, and read so much? It will weary the Flesh, and tire the Spirits, and run up Religion into Superstition. Be not righteous overmuch.

Insw.

And shall I dare to omit any known Duty! It hath cost me dear already, and shall I adventure again? The Lord knows what Pleasure I have found in his Service: O how fweet hath Duty been, hath Prayer been to me! I remember his Love more than Wine. I have been guilty of too many Neglects, and shall I make the Breach worse? God forbid. One Omission may wrong my Soul, provoke my God, and quench the Spirit, and let in the Tempter upon me. "Lord make me more wife, and " wife for eternal Salvation, Satan be gone; this will not, this skall never do. But

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But he pursues still. You may Temp. give your self Allowances at the present, and return afterwards to your Duty. You may enjoy the Comforts of both Worlds. Take a Loose, and try what good things the World hath, and then return at length, I do not distinate you from Religion, but perswade you to taste of the Sweets of the Creatures in your Minority, and when more ripe and sit for Religion, then to engage in it.

O cunning Enemy! Shall I de- Anfw. fift from Religion, with a Defign and Purpose of returning to God again? No, I will not. How can I promise my self Grace to do this, and Acceptance with God. Shall I quench the Motions of the Spirit now, what Affurance can I have that he will ever return again? If I put off God now, may he not justly leave me to my felf. When shall I return again? it will be too late when in the Grave; there I am sure will be no Room for Repentance; and whilst I give the Flesh its Liberty, Death may seize me. may hear, who knows, This Night shall thy Soul be required. It will be too late to return, when D 3 under

under the Seizures, and in the Clutches of the Enemy. Will he let me go. I dare not venture him, tho' it may not be impossible to return afterwards, it is very unlikely and exceeding dangerous. I charge thee therefore, O my Soul, not to dare to apostatize the least from God, which thou hast seen and felt the evil Essects of already. O horrid Impiety! O unreasonable Demands! What leave so good a God! What, slave for such a sworn and desperate Enemy!

By the Help of the bleffed Spirit of God I will not defer one Moment. I cannot fay, I have not been called in my Youth; for God's good Spirit inclines me now, and now if I engage with God, I am fure of Mercy; if I refuse, I must be inexcusable. I will not dare to fin wilfully any more, nor neglect a known Duty: I will never think of returning afterwards. These are all the Cheats of the restless and fubtle Enemy. Now without Delay, I will submit to God, and seek an Interest in Christ, in his Sufferings, Crucifixion, Death and Re-

furrection,

furrection, and Intercession; To whom be Kingdoms, Power and Glory for ever, Amen.

Satan, be gone; fay no more;

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O that all this I have wrote and done, may not be as a Witness against me. O my Soul, be yet more concern'd; it is wifest working whilst our Day lasteth. Now's the Time, I am a poor mortal Creature, in Danger of Death.

O that I was but more fit to stand before the Bar of a just God. 'Tis time to work, Death is abroad. A dangerous Fever about; and Sickness already is broke into the Family. Lord help: Let this essecually draw me to thy self, Amen.

D 4 CHAP.

CHAP. VIII.

Of his Death.

THIS is the Legacy our dear Deceased Friend hath left us, which to me is far better than Silver or Gold: Because a good Evidence of his early Piety and Sincerity in this World, and his eternal

Happiness in the other.

The Sickness he speaks of in the Family, I suppose was (tho' very flightly upon others) the Fiery Chariot and Horses, that conveyed him fafe home to his heavenly Father. What is but an Infirmity to one may prove Death to another. He wisely took the first Allarm. It is heavenly Wisdom indeed, so to number our Days, as to take the first Item of Danger, and engage our Hearts in the main Work. Bleffed is he, the Old, the Young, whom his Lord when he cometh shall find so doing; for who knows but a very Spark may foon be blown up into a mighty, vea, an unquenchable Flame. Often

ten the first Approaches of Death are silent and calm, when its after Seizures are more violent and pressing: And either sink us under Incapacities, or doze us with Inobservance. Which was the Case of

this Holy Youth.

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His Distemper began in its lowest Degrees, and advanc'd some Days so slowly, that no Danger appear'd, which yet in about a Weeks Space confin'd him to his Chamber: Where the Body was imprison'd, but the Soul still at Liberty. All was bore with that Patience, as if it had been but the Shadow of a Distemper; and private Duty still carried on, which nothing but an utter Inability could supersede.

About three Days after his Confinement, a severe Fever Fit seiz'd him, which struck deep upon his Spirits, tho' still the Phisician apprehended no Danger, neither did he himself. It pleaseth God often to hide from Friends and Phisicians, and our selves too, the Changes his Providence is introducing. And all this in very great Mercy

D 5

too,

too, to Souls duly prepar'd for his coming. The Fears of Death are worse to the Righteous than Death it felf. It is some Mercy to Die, and not feel the Sting of Death. An unseen Blow tho' Mortal is not

frightful.

Nature was much spent by this severe and fiery Tryal; yet still Grace inclined to Duty. Prayer was not omitted. It is good to live, and die praying, After this Storm, there was some hopeful Calm, which reviv'd our finking Hopes. But the next Day he was feiz'd with another Fit, that bore down all our Hopes, that with a strange inward Fury dry'd up his Spirits, and wasted all before it. Yet that Evening he would be led to his Bed-side, that upon his bended Knees he might once more address Heaven, tho' he could neither bow the Knee alone, nor arise without Help.

Thus he finished his stated Attendances, and betook himself to his last Bed. But tho' a Fire within wasted like a House in Flames, yet as meek as a Lamb, he made no The

Outcry of Danger.

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The next Morning, Death came on very visibly to all about him, tho' still imperceptible to himself. He had the free Exercise of Reason, tho' under great Dulness, the Strength of Nature being much exhausted.

I found him well satisfy'd as to the State of his Soul; not indeed lifted up with peremptory Considence, but modestly Hoping, Repenting, Praying, Believing: A very good Frame sure, either to live or die in. I told him, I was afraid we should lose him. He answer'd, he hop'd not yet. So willing was he to do his Master some Services. I told him, he did not desire my Remembrances. O I do, saith he, tho' I don't speak much, be pleas'd to pray for me.

I spake to him of his Relations; he said he should be glad to see them, but was easy without. He that hath secur'd the best Friends in Heaven, may be satisfied in the Absence of the best Relations on Earth. His dear Grandsather was upon the Road to see him, but found a dead Child; who I doubt not hath since found

found him in a better World, having return'd and finish'd his Course, which he had fill'd up with as much private Devotion as any one Candidate for Heaven. Alass! Two Praying Friends quickly lost! And Praying Friends are some of the best Friends.

I inquired of him as to his E-state, what he was pleased to do, and found him desirous all should run on, without any Alteration, into his Dear Brother's Possession, whose Welfare here and for ever,

he had very much at Heart.

Some of his Companions in the Evening, defigning once more to retire, and unite their Prayers for him; one of them ask'd him, what he defir'd particularly they should request for him, he answer'd, That he might be more useful; and so he is now. For how low, and dull, and mean, are our Services, at the Footstool of Grace, in comparison of theirs that are before the Throne of Glory. Ours are Deadness, theirs are Life: Ours are Shadows, theirs are Substance: Ours are Wishes, theirs are Performances: Ours

Ours are Earth, theirs are Heaven.

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Still the precious Soul apprehended not its Removal. It is unspeakable Happiness to be beforehand with Death. There's no Danger in dying, tho' we see not the Blow given, when Soul and All is before secured in the Hands of a Redeemer.

In the closing Devotions of the Day, when the whole Family was conven'd together, as we were commending him to the Grace of God, and intreating that the triumphant Convoy might be ready to mount upon their Wings the gracious departing Soul, but with interrupted Expressions, every Eye weeping, and every Heart bleeding, being all concern'd to part with one univerfally beloved; whilst we were thus resigning him into the Arms of Divine Love; the over-hasty Soul took its Flight from us, just as his holy Father's did; to use the Expressions of a very worthy Person to me, He went off with a Gale of Prayer. We lost as much in him, as could be lost in one Man. I may

may say the very same concerning the Holy Seed. He went up in the Cloud of Incense. In the Loss of whom, we lost all that could be lost in one Ho-

ly Branch.

Thus was he surpriz'd into Glory, and died as it were without dying. Death privately conquering it self. Whilst he thought himself on Earth, among his old Friends, he sound himself in Heaven, among his gloristed Relations, and with his most glorious Redeemer. Whilst he was thinking of better Service here, he found himself engag'd in perfect Adorations Above, and for ever.

Oh Glorious Exchange! Agreeable Surprize! Blessed Eternity!

The Holy Seed:

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OR, A

FUNERAL DISCOURSE

Occasion'd by the Death of

Mr. Thomas Beard.

Sept. 15. 1710.

PSALM xxii. xxx.

A Seed shall serve him, it shall be accounted to the Lord for a Generation.

Am called forth this Day to hard Service, to very hard Service; to preach a Funeral Sermon for one of my own Family, planted here as my own from his In-

Infancy. I must acknowledge it to the Praise of the Goodness of God, that this is the first Life I have lost in near Thirty Years Attendance upon the Education of Youth; and a very precious and valuable Life is lost; it is so in it felf, and more abundantly to Me. A Religious Branch of a Religious Family is cut off: A gracious Branch of Glorify'd Parents is returned to the Root; of whom I have often thought and faid, " When I am silenc'd in the Dust, " and shall speak no more in the " Name of the Lord, he will arife, " and be the Lord's Messenger, " and a skilful and acceptable one. Of whom all that knew him have been ready to fay, This is the Seed of the Righteous, that is rifing up to serve the Lord Jesus: But by a furprizing Stroke he is commanded home: A Seed prepar'd on Earth to serve his Lord in a better Place. Little did I think of doing this Service for him, of whom I might rather have expected it; but we only guess like poor fallible Men. Alas! our hopes are cut off, they are gone down

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fpeaketh) they rest together in the Dust. But it is still a Seed to serve the Lord, tho' not in this Generation, yet in a more glorious Station.

A Seed shall Serve him.

This is an Evangelick Pfalm, as is manifest by several Passages in it: Wherein we have an Account of the Sufferings of Christ, and the Glorious Issue and Effect thereof; that he shall have a Seed to serve him, both Jews and Gentiles shall be converted to him. The Evangelick Psalmist speaks of the Jews, and their Seed: Praise him all the Seed of Ver. 23, Jacob, and fear him all the Seed of Israel. You and Yours submit to the Messiah. He speaks also of the Gentile Believers, and their Seed: All the Ends of the Earth shall re- Ver. 27. member and turn unto the Lord, and and all the Kindreds of the Nations shall worship before thee. &c. and then adds, A Seed shall serve him, it shall be accounted to the Lord for a Generation; i. e. The Lord Jesus Christ shall have a Seed that shall serve him, and this Seed shall be mostly rais'd

rais'd out of Religious Gentile Families, and continued in all Generations, which are the Doctrinal Truths of this Verse: The Subjects of Christ's Kingdom are chiefly the Gentile-Believers and their Posterity. Their Work and Daty is to serve the Lord Jesus; their Honour and Happiness is, that they are designed to be the Instruments of transmitting Religion to the Generations to come.

Here then we must consider,

I. That the Lord Jesus Christ shall bave a Seed.

II. That this Seed shall serve him.

III. That this Seed that shall serve the Lord, shall be raised mostly from the Posterity of Gentile Believers.

IV. That there shall be a Succession of such Seed in all Generations.

I. Gen. The Lord Jesus Christ hath had in all Ages, and shall have a Seed. This is a very comfortable Truth, the Gates of Hell cannot prevail; if some are cut off from the Land of the Living, others shall arise to serve the Lord Lesus.

Jesus. Of Zion it shall be said, this Psal. 87.5.
and that Man was born in her. All
Ages shall produce some serious
holy believers, and the Highest himself shall establish her, the Almighty
will secure a gracious Succession.
For,

and given the Son a Seed to serve him. He came into the World with this Assurance from infinite Truth and Love, That he should see his Seed, Isa. 53. 11. the Travil of his Soul, and be satisfied, and divide the Spoil with the Strong. This was the Original Contract betwixt the Father and the Son, upon his undertaking the great and glorious Work of Redemption. "My dear Son, if thou "wilt interpose, and make up the

"Breach between me and the poor "Sinner, by pouring out thy Soul "unto Death. Believe me, thou "fhalt not lose thy Labour, I give thee, I promise thee a Seed to "full Content I give thee

" full Content; I give thee my "Divine Word and Assurance for

" it: Some thou shalt be certain of as a Seed to serve thee in all A-

" ges to the End of the World.

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A Blessed Covenant! An Elect Seed! Eternally happy Souls that are of this number.

The Father of Mercies will never deceive his dear Son; he is faithful, and will exactly fulfil his Promise. The Lord Jesus Christ so prizeth the Father's Gift, that he will not lose any Part of it. He speaks of this with great Admiration: Behold, Land the Children that

Heb. 2.13. tion: Behold, I and the Children that God hath given me! Amazing Grace!

That amidst the fiery Opposition that is made to Christ, and the Christian Religion, any should be born to him; but the Pleasure of the Lord, which is the Pleasure of his Soul, shall prosper in his Hands With what Delight hath he expense.

With what Delight hath he expected himself: All that the Father hath given me, shall come to me, and him that cometh to me I will in mo wife cast out; q.d. I am perswaded that my Father will raise me a Seed, as he hath assured me: And I am resolved with the greatest Concern to regard and preserve my Father's Gift. By no means in the World shall they be neglected. For in-

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Eled 2. The Son himself hath dearly that purchased a Seed to serve him. He ravail'd with Death to bring forth Christian Seed: What Pangs and Throws, and Agonies, did he unhis dergo to bring forth living Chilhrift dren? The Father hath given his that dear Son a Seed, but he must first edeem them to himself from the Grave and Hell: He must rescue hem out of the Hand of the Deourer, which he hath effected by mighty and bloody Victory over ill the Powers of Darkness. Haring accomplish'd this, he is gone o Heaven to make his Claim,

which we find he began on Earth. Righteous Father, fulfil now thy John 17. Promise to thine own dear Son, who hath finish'd my Work. now with Submission demand a

'Seed on Earth to serve me; and 'itis my Will they should see my

Gory too: Holy Father, commend them all to thine infi-

nite Grace.

3. The Father and Son have put it nto the Hands of the bleffed Spirit, o prepare this Seed; and whilst Infinite and Almighty Spirit hath

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hath the Management, the Seed a cannot fail. Satan cannot hinder it, he must fall as Lightning before him. He will easily divide a Portion with the Strong, for who can refift an Infinite Deity. The Work is not left to the lubricous corrupt Will of Man, nor to the Weakness of Ministers; 'tis put into better Hands, into the Hands of the Son and the Spirit: " Son, look to thy " Seed thy felf, and let the eternal " Spirit serve under thee. Thus their Names are wrote in the Lamb's Book of Life before the Foundation of the World. Thus the Holy Seed is fecured, being the Gift and Charge of the Father; the Purchase and Charge of the Son; the Work and Charge of the Spirit.

This is the Seed.

II. Gen. This Seed shall serve the Lord Jesus Christ; they are promis'd, purchas'd, rais'd, design'd, and prepar'd for this Service. To ferve Christ, is to attend on him in the Solemnities of his Worship, and to advance his Glory and Interest in our feveral Places and Relations, and

and all from fanctify'd Principles. The great Springs of Devotion are active Love, filial Fear, Faith unfeigned, and a firm Reliance on the Grace of Christ; Amor meus pondus meum, &c. By these the chosen Seed are mov'd in their Sphere of Duty. I shall therefore consider, in their Scriptural and effential Characters, their gracious Constitution, and then their spiritual Operations in their full Extent and Scope.

1. The Characters of the Chofen Seed we meet with in Scripture,
are such as these; They are a holy,
godly Seed, a good, right, Christian
Seed, and a praying chosen Seed: Very glorious Titles, and gracious

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They are called the boly Seed: Isa. 6.13. A very Divine Character. Holy they should be, as their Lord is holy; their Hearts, their Lives, their Duties, their Relations holy. All holy, holy in all manner of Conversation and Godliness. This Holy Seed is the Substance of the Church of God. As the Sap and Spirits are the very Life of the Tree,

Tree, hence it springs and flourisheth, hence is its Growth and Continuance. When it fails, it withers

1 Cor. 7. and dies. Thus are their Children

14. holy.

Matt. 13. 2. They are called the good Seed.

A very sweet and pleasant Name. A Seed free from prevailing Corruptions, fit for Production and Increase, for present and for future Supply; the very Hope of a full Crop and plentiful Harvest. The chosen Seed should be of a very tender and merciful Disposition, whose Ambition and Aim should be to be good and do good, and thus transmit Goodness yet further with good Increase.

A Noble, Excellent, Godlike Seed, of God and for God, raised by the Power of God, to promote Godliness, and to continue a godly Seed in the World, whose Care must be to live to God, and to die to God, that whether living or dying, they may be the Lord's, and leave behind them not a spurious, but a godly Posterity.

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They are called a Right Seed, Jer. 2. 2 wholly a right Seed, upright in themselves, and prepared for the Propagation of an upright Generation. Their Hearts right and their Services fo. No Cheats nor Pretenders: Israelites indeed, in whom there is no Guile; noble Plants, that give a fair Prospect of a Holy Posterity: Tho' too many prov'd degenerate ones, who instead of propagating Religion, propagated Vice, and Immorality, and Idola-

They are represented as a Chri-Heb. 2.13. stian Seed, the Likeness of their Lord, as Children the Likeness of their Parents; Partakers of the Nature and Temper of the holy Jesus, and conformed to his holy Life. These are the Children of the Kingdom, the Gospel Kingdom, defigned for Promoters and Propagaters of it.

try: Ten thousand Pities!

They are represented as a Praying Szed. Prayer is the natural Language of the spiritual Seed. Abba, Father, are the first Words they learn to speak. This is the Ge-Psal. 24.6.

neration of them that seek thee. And the

Seed

Seed of Jacob shall not seek in vain.

1 Pet. 2.9. Lastly, A Chosen Seed; chosen of God, as Jacob of old, the Children of Jacob his chosen; chosen through Grace to serve the Lord, and to propagate a Seed to serve him.

2. Which Seed is called forth to ferve the Lord Jesus in their private Capacities, in their Generation, in the Church of God, and some in the Ministry. This is the Sphere in which they are appointed to move. Their Service begins,

1. In their private Capacities. This implies personal Devotion, and a truly Christian Conversation. 'Tis never right till the way to our Closets is as a beaten Road, and our daily Walk. 'Tis never right till it may be said of our Houses, the Church of God in their House. And how much will a regular Life, that is a Transcript of Christ's own, adorn a Religious Closet and Family? Whereas a looser Conversation belies all the personal Devotion.

The Holy Seed are appointed to maintain personal, in order to Family Religion; without the for-

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mer, the latter must necessarily drop, and both in order to sup-

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2. In their Generation. Which implies their fixing in some lawful Calling, and advancing the Interest of Christ, whatever in them lies, in the World. We may serve Christ in any lawful Calling, if we are prudent, careful, and holy therein; and some such Calling all should apply themselves to, and abide therein, according to the Advice of the Apostle. Where 'tis for 1 Cor. 7. ever determined, that the Christian 20. Religion doth not dispense with an idle unprofitable Life, which must be a Disparagement to Religion it felf; but commands a constant Attendance in some honest Vocation, wherein we must labour to advance the Truth, and Power, and Glory of Christianity, serving God and our Generation. Thus should the Holy Seed arife and build. As the Prophet predicts, Those that come Isa. 27. 6. of Jacob should take root, and blossom and bud, and fill the Face of the Earth with Fruit. To promote this it is necessary to fix themselves,

3. In

3. In the Church of God. By a constant Attendance upon all the Ordinances there, and incorporating themselves as Members with some Religious Society. Our Saviour hath given us his Example, and the Spirit of God hath given us an Account of the Primitive Converts; that they were added to the Church, and continued in Prayer together, and in other Gospel Ordinances. Thus the Philosopher directs. Makisa mila tov wohers: Publick Attendances are the chiefest. These mostly resemble Heaven, that General Assembly: These most promote the Honour of God, and the Interest of Religion in the World: Christ is glorify'd, when his Word is carefully heard, when his Sabbaths are religiously observed, when his Sacraments are duly and constantly attended, and the solemn Assembly frequented. The Lord Jesus Christ is slighted when his Institutions are slighted; he is opposed when his Ordinances are opposed. The Glory the Father expects through Christ, according ph. 3. 1. to the Apostle, is from, and in the This Church.

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This is foretold concerning the Holy Seed, That from one Sabbath to Ha. 66.23 another they shall come and worship before the Lord in his holy Mount, i. e. in a fixed stated manner shall bring their Offerings unto the Lord in a clean Vessel. Thus all Governments are maintain'd and promoted by fixed Societies. The very Nature of the thing requires this of the chosen Seed, as they desire to plant the Gospel, and propagate a Gospel Religion. Hence 'tis necessary that some of the hopeful and godly Seed should serve the Lord Jesus.

4. In the Ministry. For what Society can subsist without stated Officers? It would be a strange Family without a Head; a strange Government without a Governour; a strange Kingdom and no Ruler; a strange Flock and no Shepherd. God hath appointed his Officers out of the Promised Seed. This was foretold, Isa 61. 5. The Gentile Strangers shall feed their Flocks, and the Sons of the Alien hall be their Plowmen and Vinedressers; which is explained, Chap. 66. 21. I will take of them for Priests and for Levites, Saith E 3

faith the Lord. To serve God in the Ministry is the highest and hardest Piece of Service. It is to be Embassadors of Christ, and Fellow-labourers with Angels, to be Stars in the Right Hand of Christ: This is great Honour, but it requires double Service, that of private Christians, and that of publick Officers, who of all are most exposed to Apostate Spirits, and the Scorn of sinful Men: But the double Honour of this, and the eternal World swallow up all the Difficulties and Troubles of the Ministry.

This is the Work of the chosen Seed. III. Gen. This Seed is designed to be chiefly and mainly rais'd out of the Posterity of the Righteous. This is very comfortable, and must be a very pleasing Doctrine to Religious Parents, who have most at Heart the spiritual Welfare and eternal Happiness of theirs; to be Instruments of raising up a Seed for Christ, and to prepare a Seed for Heaven, is high Honour now, and will be a Crown of Glory at last. Happy, happy Parents, whose Families

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milies are Christ's, and whose Children are God's own, Whose Seed shall be accounted to the Lord for a Generation.

terpretation of the Text, and that of the most Learned Expositors.

Posteritas Credentium eorum Posteri:
Their Seed shall serve him; and this seems the most natural Sense of the Words. The Psalmist in the precedent Verses is speaking of Gentile Believers, and adds, a Seed shall serve him. If it be demanded what Seed? Whose Seed? The direct Answer is, the Seed of the Gentile Believers, of whom he was speaking, as he was of the Jews, and their Seed; q. d. "The Jews and their Ver. 13." Seed called and chosen of God

" for a Generation above all Peo-

" ple to bear the Name of God, I

" foresee will fail thro' their Un-Deut. 19

" belief: But the Messiah shall not 25.

" want a Seed; for in the room of

" the Jews and their Seed, the

"Gentiles shall arise, and their

" Seed, who shall be accounted to

" the Lord for a Generation. Out

" of these God will raise his Church mostly. E 4 2. This

2. This Interpretation suits exactly with other Scripture Promifes. One Text of Scripture best explains another. In many other Places where the Seed is spoke of, that shall arise and serve the Lord, 'tis plainly meant of the Seed of the Gentile Believers. This therefore according to the Analogy of Faith, feems the most genuine Sense of the Psalmist. I shall quote a few Places both in the Old and New Testament, which give Light to this Text. 'Tis faid, 265.23. speaking of the Gentiles, They are the Seed of the Bleffed of the Lord, and their Offspring with them, i. e. their Children. Blessed Parents and 44-3 Blessed Children! I will pour my Sperit on thy Seed, and my Bleffing upon thy Offspring, q. d. " If you be-" lieve in my Son, You and your " Offspring shall be my Holy Peo-" ple. This is the Seed the Lord hath bleffed. It was foretold in the Old Testament, as an Encouragement to the Gentiles to believe in the Milliah, that God would make with .55.3. them an everlasting Covenant, even the sure Mercies of David. q. d. As

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fure as David and his Seed had the Throne of Israel ascertained to them, from Generation to Generation, unless by their wilful Apostacy from God, they cut off the Entail: So certainly would a gracious God own the Believing Gentiles, as well as lews, and their Seed for ever; unless by their Unbelief they prevented themselves. which feems confirm'd, The Promise Acts 2.33 is to you and your Children, and to as many as the Lord our God shall call, i. e. to the Gentiles equally as to the Jews. Abraham's natural Seed, and Abraham's Spiritual Seed, are both to be accounted to the Lord for a Generation. The Golden Line of Grace shall run on. As the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob: So the God of Gospel Believers, and their Seed and Seed's Seed.

3. This Explication suits with the Dispensations of the Grace of God in all Ages: The Seed of the Righteous have been the Seed of the Church, in the Time of Adam, Noah, Abraham and the Jews. And the Gentile Believers are frequently express'd by the Names of Israel E 5

and Jacob, therefore as the Jewish, so the Gospel Church must be mostly maintain'd by Believer's Poste-

rity.

4. This Interpretation agrees exactly with that Representation of the Church of God we have in Scripture. It is called a Kingdom, a Family, now 'tis the Children in both that are the main Supports of both: These are the Hopes of Kingdoms and Families; thus they are propagated; if these fail, Kingdoms and Families must quickly fail too. The Gentile Believers

holy Nation, as the Jews were, whole Children were the Support of their Nation, and the propagatory Seed

of the Church.

5. And to conclude, The Experience of all Christians clearly evidenceth this Truth. Pray, how is the Church of God mostly maintain'd; is it not raised out of Religious Families? Tell me how it hath been in your Days? The Dispensations of Grace in the Church of God, are good Interpreters of the Promises of Grace made

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made to the Church of God. The Operations of Grace are answerable to the Promises of Grace. Must not that be the meaning of the Promise, which is the daily Work of the Spirit of God? If the Church of God be generally maintain'd by the Ossepring of Believers, it must be their Ossepring that is intended in those Promises, that speak of a Seed to serve the Lord.

Neither is there any thing objected against this Doctrine as I know of, which is of any great Force.

Whereas it may be faid, That ma-Obj. 1 ny of the Children of good Parents prove loose and profligate. It must be own'd it is no strange thing for an Esau to fell his Birthright. There are too too many degenerate Plants: This is a very forrowful Truth, and what is most shameful; it is ten thousand Pities it should be so; And I must pronounce Woe to the Apostates in religious Families. It will be more tolerable for dom and Gomorrah, and the Children of Infidels in the Day of Judgment, than for fuch. The Children of the Kingdom that are degenerate will be sentenc'd

sentenc'd to Outward Darkness. But this hinders not that the Church of God is mostly raised out of the Poflerity of the Righteous. What if some Children prove undutiful, and are difinherited; prove prodigal and wast their Inheritance, doth it hence follow, that Children are not the Props and Supports of Families? What if some Subjects are rebellious, and forfeit their Birthright, and are banish'd their Native Country, doth it follow that Kingdoms are not generally maintain'd by the free born Seed? And do not even adult Professors very often apostatize? and yet the Church of God is supported by the Professors of it.

Obj. 2.

And whereas it may be faid, That this Doctrine of peculiar Grace to the Posterity of the Righteous, exposeth the greater Part of the World to Ruin. This is a very unjust Inference. It hath been already said, That when the Free Grace of God lays hold on alien Families, they and theirs are accounted for a Generation; though mostly the Church of God is promoted by the Posterity

The Hoty Deed.

Posterity of the Righteous. And that others are not added, who is in the Fault? when they have the Liberty, and free Offer to incorporate themselves and theirs in this happy Society, this holy Family and Kingdom. Is there any other Government in the World fo free, to offer a general Naturalization to all, upon their Submission to the known Laws thereof? The Gofpel contains an universal Invitation, and affures of an universal Welcome to all who by Faith unite with the Church of God, tho' there is somewhat peculiar propos'd to believing Families, who have the first Offers of Grace, whose Lot is cast at the very Gates of Salvation: And yet as the Jews did, they too often put Salvation from them.

What therefore hath been pleaded for, remains a well-grounded

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That the Father hath promised the Son a Seed to serve him; that the Lord Jesus Christ hath died and purchased this Seed; that the Advancement thereof is intrusted in the Hands of the Blessed Spirit; which which Seed, according to promife, is to be rais'd mostly out of the Posterity of the Righteous; and not by a new Accession of alien Families: But yet when the free Grace of God lays hold on any of these, they and theirs shall be accounted to the Lord for a Generation. And the Desection of some of the Holy Seed, can no ways contradict this Doctrine, which allows them the first Offers of Grace, and asserts that thus ordinarily the Church of God is maintain'd.

IV. Gen. And thus lastly, The Church of God shall be maintain'd

Years or Ages, but to the very end of Time. The Seed that is defign'd for the Service of Christ, and given to him of the Father, is to be gather'd out of all Ages. As appears from the sacred Records, as, Instead of thy Fathers shall be thy Children, i. e. Instead of Fathers which are thine, shall be their Children which shall be thine too. And thus I will make thy Name to be remembred in all Generations. There's a glorious Prophecy in I-saiah,

al. 45.

saiah, As for me, this is my Covenant, a Gracious Evangelical Covenant. My Spirit which is upon Isa. 49. thee, and my Words that I have put in thy Mouth, shall not depart out of thy Mouth, nor out of the Mouth of thy Seed, nor out of the Mouth of thy Seed's Seed, Saith the Lord, from henceforth and for ever. A Promise worthy to be wrote on every Heart, and to be the Motto of every Religious Family. Let the Seed, and the Seed's Seed, learn it perfectly. Let Ministers, Parents and Children, study this mighty Word of The Lord Jesus Christ Grace. shall have a Seed in all Ages. This was the Original Covenant. Thus 'twas fettled by the Father and the Son.

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1. The Lord Jesus is worthy of a Seed in all Ages. It would be too little Glory to have his Seed confin'd to one or a few Ages. He deserves an Eternity of Service, and surely then that of Time. If all in every Age were true to Christ, it would be beneath his Merits. The least that can be thought of is some

Generation goes off, another may arise to serve him. And there shall not be one Age to the End of Time, so dark, so virulent, that the Glory of Christ shall be altogether.

God by his Blood, out of every Tongue and People, and Nation, those that should ascribe Blessing and Honour, and Glory, and Power to the Lamb for ever

and ever, for he is worthy, &c.

2. Such a continued Succession of a Seed to serve Christ, tends mostly to the Glory of Divine Wifdom and Grace. All Ages need a Saviour; all Ages therefore shall have the Offer, and whilst there's a Certainty of some good Effect, 'tis more honourably offer'd to all. It would be below the Majesty, and Wifdom, and Grace of God, by stated Officers, to publish the Overture of Mercy to the World, if all would be certainly ineffectual. Were there not some to be gather'd out of every Age, there would want some to balance the World, even a Bleffing in it, for whose sake it should not be deftroy'd.

stroy'd. But for the fake of these the wicked World is honourably spared, and Judgments superseded, without which Divine Justice would quickly proceed to Execution. the Elect fake Judgments are overruled, and the Day of Judgment defer'd, and the Patience of God appears in Glory; but when all these shall be gather'd in from one Matth. 24. End of the World to the other, then 31. Judgment commenceth, and till then every Age will afford a Seed to ferve our Lord, which shall be accounted unto him for a Generation.

From what hath been faid, we

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I. That the Lord Jesus Christ is God. He that is to be served in all Generations, and hath a holy Seed appointed on purpose for Religious Service and Adoration; to whom Princes themselves must pay Homage, must needs be God. Yea, Angels too must Worship him, and all must honour him as they homour the Father. As no Creature is, so the human Nature of Christ cannot be adorable, and therefore he

he must have a Divine Nature The Godhead is in it felf adorable, and the Person of the Son, by reafon of his Divine Nature is adorable, yea, the Divine Person of the Son, in our Nature too is adorable. Worship him all ye Angels. Let the chosen Seed serve him.

II. That the Election the Gospel Speaks of, is not meerly of Qualifications, but of Persons. 'Tis true God hath chose Faith in Christ, as the necessary Qualification in all those he will own, and fave for ever and ever. But he hath likewise chose some whom he will thus accomplish

Eph. 1. 4. for his Service and Glory, As he hath chosen us in him before the Foundation of the World, that we should be holy, and without blame before him in Love. He doth not only in Time choose some of the number of Sinners, but there is a Seed promis'd and given to Christ, before the World, to be prepar'd to serve him . The Lord Jesus Christ was at certainty as to a Seed; and the whole Effect of Redemption was not left to turn upon the lubricous, fallacious and corrupt Will of Man. There was ole, eaorathe ble.

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a certain Seed chose to be qualified according to the Gospel, and not meerly because God did foresee they would be thus qualified. This is that Number of the Elect which God will shortly accomplish.

III. Hence it follows further, that Religion bath its peculiar Excellencies and Encouragements. strange that Religion should fall under Difreputation, which entails so many Bleffings upon Posterity, to the utmost Date thereof. Is there any Government in the World, that secures to the Seed of its Favourites a Perpetuity, nay an Eternity of Bleffings? Estates, and Honours, that Men venture their Names, their Lives and Souls to engross, are attended with Thoufands of Uncertainties; whilft Religion fixeth fuch an Entail of Mercy, that nothing but the Profligateness of Posterity can reverse. A Gracious God gives you leave to put your own Names, and the Names of yours, in a Lease of Grace, in which the Blessings of Time and Eternity are well settled, as an everlasting Inheritance from

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Generation to Generation. Who would refuse such an Offer? If the World should propose any Thing like it, what Strife would there be for the Preferment? O let Religion be your Business, which is most exellent in it self, and entails Bleffings to the last Duration of it. If you love your felves, or regard Posterity, take heed to your selves and yours. Which teacheth us further.

IV. That the Work and Duty of t religious Parents and Ministers is very great. They are to take Care of the Holy Seed that is designed for the Service of our dear Lord Jesus, to feed the Lambs. It is a great Trust that is committed to their Charge: The Souls of Children, and what more valuable? Your own Children, and what more dear to you? Those that are the Support of your own Families and the Church of God too; and what greater Concern can there be? Your own Welfare and theirs, the Prosperity of your Families, and the Church's too, depends very much upon your It is very much in your Power

The Power to make your selves and them, and all happy. The chief Concern indeed is put into better hands, those of the blessed Spirit; but your Subserviency is required. Be ye Workers together with him.

You profess Love to the Lord

You profess Love to the Lord jesus; shew it by your espousing his Cause, and promoting his Interes, in preparing a Seed to serve him. It is for your selves, it is for your dear Lord Jesus. Let me besery of seech you, for the Love of Christ, to be observant and faithful

the Herein you will be publickly useful, serviceable to the present to and suture Generations, as far as the Holy Seed shall be propagated. It may be to Thousands and ten that Thousands; these may arise and sall you blessed.

All good Man are concerned about a Protestant Succession in the Nation, and worthy it is of the Labours and Thoughts of all, and that not only for their own sakes, but for the sakes of their poor Children: Is not a Concern too about a religious Succession in your own our families highly becoming you, that

wer

a Holy Family-Seed may be rais'd fuitable to a National Protestant Succession? Evidence that your Concern for the Publick is sincere, by your Concern for those of your own House.

What an Honour is put upon you, to be the Instruments of raising and propagating a Seed to the Lord Jesus? And what an Honour will it be in the Great Day of the Lord, to stand as a publick Head to a glorious holy Progeny. By no means neglect your Honour and theirs.

What if any should miscarry through your Neglect? Is not the thought of it terrible, that a Branch in your Families should be corrupted, and through you too? And the Loss of one may prove the Loss of Hundreds. Thus Irreligion may be propagated, and Multitudes lost thro' your default.

These either prove the best or

worst of Men, the greatest Blessings or the greatest Curses. If not an Eminent Seed for Christ, they usually prove a Notorious Seed for Satan; either Props and Pillars of

Reli-

is'd Religious Families, or Undermiant ners of them: For when left of our God, they commonly become the ere, most violent Opposers of Religion, our and the greatest Enemies to Christ. - So much the greater Care ought to pon be had of them

rai- And lastly, When was there an the Age in which the Seed was more Ho- exposed? The World lies in Wicy of kedness. How have Atheism, Prolick faneness, and Immorality o'er run eny. it? There are Swarms every where our of Men of most corrupt Principles and Practices. And how many and Practices. And now many already are turned after Satan! How many Religious Families are either become Formalists or Debauch'd; yea, where's the profession fing Family that hath not an Esau in it? Is it not Time to concern your selves?

Wherefore let me intreat you as Fathers, to take Care of the great Charge but is put into your Hands.

or Charge that is put into your Hands, lef-not Lord. Be early in a Religious Dethey dication of them to God, in the for most solemn Manner devote them s of to the Service of the Father, Son, and

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and Spirit. Bring your Samuels to God, and leave them with him God hath put them into your Hands, they are one with you. You are clothed with Power and Authority from God to transact their Concerns in their Minority. What can you do less for their Souls, than in the most serious Manner to devote them to God. Let them be cast upon the Lord from the Womb. Don't dare to think, or fay, you will leave them to the Grace of God to work on them: You may as well fay, you will leave them to the Providence of God to maintain them, and fo expose Soul and Body together. And how will you approve your felves fincere with God in your Covenanting with him, if you leave out so considerable a Part of what is your own; your Children and all must be devoted to God, the only way to save all, is to leave all with God.

And then improve an early Dedication by repeated Cries and renewed Resignations of them to God. As oft as you renew your Covenants,

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they are capable, let them have fuitable and Religious Instructions. See that they are well principled, which will be a mighty Antidote against common Infections. Take particular heed of running them into Temptations, out of a vain Ambition of their Preferment. 'Tis a fearful Truth, the most that miscarry, miscarry thro' the Neglect of these Duties.

V. We may hence learn the Duty of the Children of good Parents. Your Work is to keep up Religion in your Families, in your Generation, and to transmit it yet further to the Ages to come. Arise and be doing, and the Lord be with you. I intreat you, I charge you, prepare your selves for Service, and be active in it. I would thus argue with you.

Whom will you serve, if not the Lord Jesus? Is there a better Master? Can you make a better Choice, than what hath been made for you? Doth he not deserve your best Services, that left his Throne, and pour'd out his Soul to Death for you, and hath call'd you F with

with an high and honourable Calling, hath Chosen you as a Seed to serve him? O leave not his Service for the Drudgery of this World, and the God of it: You will dearly

repent it, if you do.

Is not your Lot fallen happily, who are born in Religious Families? What a glorious Priviledge is it to be the Children of good Parents, the Children of many Prayers, the Children of Religious Education, and the best Instructions? You are born at the very Gates of Heaven, will you arise to cancel an early Dedication to God? Will you arise to cross the Prayers of your Parents, and contradict what they have done for you, in the most tender Love to your Souls? will you try to overturn the Promises, and oppose the Work of a Redeemer? Take heed what you do, as you are born among the Stars, your Fall will be the more dreadful.

Have not you been devoted to God? Can you, dare you go back? At your Peril be it. Can you without Sacrilege alienate your selves, from the Service of God?

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And is that a trifling Crime? How will you answer it to God, and your good Parents in the Great Day? Is there not great Dependance upon your Well-doing? The Hopes of Parents, the Expectations of Ministers, nay of God and Christ, are from you. If you prove faulty, how many Expectations will be cut off? Don't dare to impose on God and Man.

The Prosperity of Zion in some measure depends upon your Holiness and Zeal. A Breach is made in her Walls, a Gate thrown open to the Enemy upon the Revolt of the Posterity of the Righteous. A considerable Post is delivered up, and what may be the Consequence? One Revolt and Deficiency may occasion more, and where may it end? and all will be chargeable upon you.

You are the Terror of Enemies, as well as the Hope of Friends. Satan fears you most, he employs his Agents in the first place to cortupt you.

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Hereby he strikes at the very oundation. Your Negligence and CarCarnality will gratify the Enemy most, and put an Opportunity in his hands of advancing his desperate and bloody Designs against the Interest of Christ and Souls in the World. And is it nothing to join in with Satan against the Great God and your dear Redeemer? It will be found dreadful Work at last.

Is not there need of your Service? Many are revolted, some are cut off by Death. 'Tis alas! a Day of small things. Is it not time for you to put to your helping Hand? The Enemy advanceth, Religion is under a visible Eclipse, and a sensible Decay. Come, come, arise and build, and have the Honour of being Repairers of Breaches, and Restorers of Paths to dwell in.

I am forc'd to speak feelingly to some of you. Death hath setch'd one from among you. There's one slain on the Right Hand, and on the lest; One Beloved and Valued; one Serious and Hopeful. A wide Breach is made; who ariseth to fill it up? You are lest behind:

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Of all Loves I intreat you, with all Authority I command you to arise and work. The Funeral might have been your own. What are you lest behind for? You have your own Room, and another's to fill up. O strive who shall be first in their Preparations, and greatest in their Service. Fain would I raise this Ambition in you.

Are you fure of many Years? Your time of Service may be but short. Begin now; lose not one Day; the same Messenger that hath fetch'd your Friend and Companion, may quickly be order'd for you. Let me mind you of what the Philosopher said to one that ask'd him what he was a doing? He answer'd, Paulatim morior, I am a dying continually. You cannot think fure, because of the Briskness of Youth, you are safe from Death, when one among your selves hath so lately, in a few Days, been wrested out of your Arms and Embraces. You are dying, 'tis time to work.

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Have not some of you selt the Powers of the World to come? I am perswaded you have been often under the awakening Convictions of the Spirit of God. Do I press you to any thing that your own Consciences and the Spirit of God have not been engaging you to; have you not tasted that the Lord is gracious? Take heed of beginning in the Spirit, and ending in the Flesh. 'Tis better you had never known the Ways of God, than that you should wickedly depart from him.

And to conclude, If this will not move you; know that if you revolt, God will call in others; his Son shall have a Seed to serve him. When the Jews apostatiz'd, the Gentiles were call'd in; and when one professing Family fails, the Grace of God will raise another. Can you be content that others should arise and build upon your Ruin? Are you willing to resign up your Glory to Strangers? O! Let not another take your Crown. I would hope better things of you, tho' I thus speak, even what accompanies Salvation.

And

THE TIONY DEEM.

And last of all, we may infer, that The Loss of the Holy Seed is a very fore, and dreadful, and general Loss; especially when capacitated, and growing ripe for Service. This is a very complicated Loss: A Loss as universal as the Service which was expected.

Which brings me to take a forrowful View of our own great Loss we lament this Day: A Family-Loss: A School Loss: The Church's Loss: The Nation's Loss: A Generation's Loss: The Ministry's

Loss.

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Which will appear, if we confider, that the Deceased, besides his natural and acquir'd Capacities, which were none of the leaft, was in some extraordinary manner qualified for that Service: If we re-

gard,

1. His Temper; which was mild and calm; even and tender; kind and compassionate. Tho' he hath liv'd with me twice seven Years, I cannot recollect that I ever faw him in a Passion. His Carriage was so obliging and inoffensive, that all that knew him lov'd him.

A very rare Character. He was fo prudent and cautious, and so far from Art and Guile, that I may fay, Whom did he ever offend by an intermedling Humor? And as he liv'd, so he died, in a perfect Calm. Now what a great Ornament is so good a Temper to Religion? What a necessary Qualification to the Ministry? Of all Men, Ministers have most need of fuch an one. How bright doth Grace shine in a good Disposition? even like the Sun in a serene Day: This is strangely eclips'd in an ill Temper, and really disappears, as the Sun wading under a dark Cloud. But what made his Temper the more glorious, was,

2. His Grace. This was what he desir'd above all; he so lov'd Christ, that he endeavour'd what he could to perswade others to love him too. I have heard some thanking God, that they ever knew him. He began betimes to preach Christ in his private Conversation, who never liv'd to preach him in any publick Congregation. His Life was so free from Stains, and his Desires

Desires after Grace so fervent and practical, that I cannot but think he was sincerely Gracious betimes: Especially when I reslect upon,

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3. That Spirit of Prayer he had. He was frequent, and enlarg'd in his Duty. I have fometimes heard him so heavenly and rais'd, that I have been ashamed of my self, that one of his Years should be so lively, and I so dull. It is but rare in one of his Age, before he undertakes a Journey, to spend a whole Day in Fasting and Prayer, that he may be kept from the Temptations of the Places where he was going. It is but rare for one of his Age, when in a Journey, to rise in the Night, (as David of old) to redeem Time for Prayer, which I am satisfied he hath done. How was he us'd to be rapt up in another World in Prayer! I am fure our Family hath lost more serious Prayers every Week, than there are Mornings and Evenings in it. I am fure I have lost the Advantage of many fervent Cries, he offer'd particularly upon my Account; which I have Reason, to value the more, because of 4. His

4. His choice Experiences. These he hath left as a Legacy, under his own Hand; and 'tis a very choice one to me, worthy, I think, of every ones Attendance, but too large to be recounted now; I shall therefore only fay; that tho' young, he was acquainted with the Comforts and Joys of the Holy Ghost; which many twice his Age, are utterly Strangers to. He was in his Element when he was speaking a-bout another World. It is said of Alexander, that he recokn'd his Age by his Victories. If we may reckon the Age of our deceased Friend by his Duties, and Prayers, and Ac-quaintance with another World, we may fay of him, He liv'd long in a little Time. He was preparing carefully to attend at the Lord's Table, which only a humble Sense of his own Unworthiness had hindred him from. He prepar'd for the lower Table, but I trnst he is gone to the upper Table, to receive there: He was laying in a Stock to serve his Lord on Earth, but is (I hope) remov'd to serve about the Throne, where Thousands of Thoufands,

fands, and Ten Thousands of Ten Thousands, are adoring him that sits upon the Throne, and the Lamb, for ever and ever. Amen.

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